

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding; and

- 10 means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding.

2. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

- 10 means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding; and

- 15 means for selecting the larger quantizer step size from said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step size in the input compressed moving picture stream.

3. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has

an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:  
 and

means for applying weighting, according to image characteristics, to the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding, and adjusting  
 15 that quantizer step size.

4. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for applying weighting, according to image characteristics, to the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding, and adjusting that quantizer step size: and

15 means for computing the ratio of the complexity measure in a

prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size, and adjusting that  
 20 quantizer step size.

5. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:  
 and

6. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for computing the respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input

15 compressed moving picture stream;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from said plurality of complexity measures;

means for computing the quantizer step size using said pre-set average bit rate and said output complexity measure;

20 means for computing the average of the respective quantizer step sizes every prescribed period or number of pictures, according to the encoding prediction mode of said input compressed moving picture stream, using the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream; and

25 means for computing an addition value for each encoding prediction mode, using said quantizer step size and said average quantizer step size, and computing an addition quantizer step size in which an addition value has been added to said input compressed moving picture stream quantizer step size;

30 wherein said addition quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the difference (excess or deficiency) between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding.

7. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-

encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream,  
 and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for computing, by using a maximum bit rate among said set  
 bit rates and either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of  
 bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, the maximum bit  
 15 rate quantizer step size at said maximum bit rate; and

means for taking said maximum bit rate quantizer step size and  
 the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding as input, and  
 outputting the quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding.

8. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has  
 an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-  
 encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-  
 encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been  
 changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-  
 encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream,  
 and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding;  
 and

9. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has  
 an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-  
 encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-  
 encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been

changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

10 means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding;

15 means for computing respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

20 means for computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set average bit rate and said output complexity measure;

wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding.

10. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

10 means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream,

and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for selecting the larger quantizer step size from said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step size in the input compressed moving picture stream:

15 means for computing respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

20 means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

means for computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set average bit rate and said output complexity measure;

25 wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding.

11. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

10 means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for computing respective complexity measures in two or

more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

means for computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set average bit rate and said output complexity measure;

wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding; and

pictures from a picture re-encoded at the start of re-encoding to a picture immediately preceding that for which re-encoding is currently being performed, or a plurality of pictures including one image encoded within a frame are used as a plurality of pictures used as said prescribed period or number of pictures.

12. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding;

means for computing respective complexity measures in two or



more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in  
 15 either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

means for computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set  
 20 average bit rate and said output complexity measure;

wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding; and

25 pictures from a picture re-encoded at the start of re-encoding to a picture immediately preceding that for which re-encoding is currently being performed, or a plurality of pictures including one image encoded within a frame are used as a plurality of pictures used as said prescribed period or number of pictures.

13. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for computing respective complexity measures in two or

more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in  
 15 either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

means for computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set  
 20 average bit rate and said output complexity measure;

wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding; and

25 a group of blocks into which a picture is divided is used for said prescribed period for adjusting a base quantizer step size according to excess or deficiency with respect to said target number of bits.

14. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for selecting the larger quantizer step size from said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step size in the input compressed moving picture stream:

15 means for computing respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

20 means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

means for computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set average bit rate and said output complexity measure; wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the  
 25 difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding; and a group of blocks into which a picture is divided is used for said prescribed period for adjusting a base quantizer step size according to excess or deficiency with respect to said target number of bits.

15. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for selecting the larger quantizer step size from said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step size in the input compressed moving picture stream:

15 means for computing respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

20 means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

means for computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set average bit rate and said output complexity measure; wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding; wherein a group of blocks into which a picture is divided is used for said prescribed period for adjusting a base quantizer step size according to excess or deficiency with respect to said target number of bits and pictures from a picture re-encoded at the start of re-encoding to a picture immediately preceding that for which re-encoding is currently being performed, or a plurality of pictures including one image encoded within a frame are used as a plurality of pictures used as said prescribed period or number of pictures.

16. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the

- 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream,  
and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for computing respective complexity measures in two or  
more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures,  
using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in

- 15 either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-  
encoded compressed moving picture stream;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a  
plurality of said complexity measures; and

- means for computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set  
20 average bit rate and said output complexity measure; wherein said  
quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the  
difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of  
bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

- a group of blocks into which a picture is divided is used for said  
25 prescribed period for adjusting a base quantizer step size according to  
excess or deficiency with respect to said target number of bits and

- pictures from a picture re-encoded at the start of re-encoding to a  
picture immediately preceding that for which re-encoding is currently  
being performed, or a plurality of pictures including one image  
30 encoded within a frame are used as a plurality of pictures used as  
said prescribed period or number of pictures.

17. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has  
an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-  
encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-  
encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been  
changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-

encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream,  
 and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for computing respective complexity measures in two or  
 more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures,  
 using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in  
 15 either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-  
 encoded compressed moving picture stream;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a  
 plurality of said complexity measures; and

means for selecting a minimum complexity measure among said  
 20 plurality of complexity measures.

18. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has  
 an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-  
 encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-  
 encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
 5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been  
 changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-  
 encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
 10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream,  
 and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for selecting the larger quantizer step size from said  
 quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step  
 size in the input compressed moving picture stream:

15 means for selecting the larger quantizer step size from said  
 quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step

size in the input compressed moving picture stream:

means for computing respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

means for selecting a minimum complexity measure among said plurality of complexity measures.

19. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for selecting the larger quantizer step size from said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step size in the input compressed moving picture stream:

means for selecting the larger quantizer step size from said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step size in the input compressed moving picture stream:

means for computing respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures,

- 20 using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream wherein pictures from a picture re-encoded at the start of re-encoding to a picture immediately preceding that for which re-encoding is currently being performed, or a
- 25 plurality of pictures including one image encoded within a frame are used as a plurality of pictures used as said prescribed period or number of pictures;

means for outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

- 30 means for selecting a minimum complexity measure among said plurality of complexity measures.

20. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 9, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity
- 5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

21. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 10, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity
- 5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

22. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 11, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity
- 5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.



23. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 12, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity  
5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

24. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 13, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity  
5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

25. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 14, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity  
5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

26. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 15, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity  
5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

27. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 16, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity  
5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

28. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 17, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity  
 5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

29. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 18, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity  
 5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

30. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 19, further comprising means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity  
 5 measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

31. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 9, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed  
 5 moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the  
 10 quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

32. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 10, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

33. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 11, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

34. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 12, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed

5 moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the  
 10 quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

35. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 13, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed  
 5 moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the  
 10 quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

36. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 14, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed  
 5 moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity

measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the  
10 quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed  
moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size,  
and adjusting that quantizer step size.

37. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus  
according to claim 15, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image  
characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed  
5 moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation,  
and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity  
measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity  
measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the  
10 quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed  
moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size,  
and adjusting that quantizer step size.

38. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus  
according to claim 16, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image  
characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed  
5 moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation,  
and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity  
measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity  
measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the  
10 quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed  
moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size,  
and adjusting that quantizer step size.

39. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 17, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

40. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 18, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation, and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size, and adjusting that quantizer step size.

41. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 19, further comprising;

means for applying weighting, according to the image characteristics, to the quantizer step size of said input compressed

5 moving picture stream used in said complexity measure computation,  
and adjusting that quantizer step size and

means for computing the ratio of the respective complexity  
measures in a prescribed period or number of pictures to the complexity  
measure of the object of re-encoding, using either or both of the  
10 quantizer step size and the number of bits of said input compressed  
moving picture stream, performing weighting of said quantizer step size,  
and adjusting that quantizer step size.

42. The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus  
according to claim 1, wherein a threshold setting is made for a  
prescribed plurality of quantizer step sizes with respect to said addition  
quantizer step size.

43. A compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus that has  
an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-  
encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-  
encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been  
changed as an output signal, comprising:

means for computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-  
encoding;

means for inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the  
10 quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream,  
and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

means for computing, by using a maximum bit rate among said set  
bit rates and either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of  
bits of said input compressed moving picture stream, the maximum bit  
15 rate quantizer step size at said maximum bit rate; and

means for taking said maximum bit rate quantizer step size and

the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding as input, and outputting the quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding:

20    said means for computing the maximum bit rate quantizer step size is rate control that satisfies the ratio of said input bit stream bit rate to said maximum bit rate with respect to the number of bits in the prescribed period or number of pictures of said input compressed moving picture stream.

44.    The compressed moving picture re-encoding apparatus according to claim 1, wherein a minimum value is set for said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding.

45.    A compressed moving picture re-encoding method that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5    an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

        a step of computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding; and

10    a step of inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding.

46.    A compressed moving picture re-encoding method that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5    an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:



a step of computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

10 a step of inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding

a step of selecting the larger quantizer step size from said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step size in the input compressed moving picture stream.

47. A compressed moving picture re-encoding method that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has  
5 an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

a step of computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

10 a step of inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding:

a step of computing respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either  
15 of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

a step of outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

20 a step of computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set average bit rate and said output complexity measure;

wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed

period according to the difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding.

48. A compressed moving picture re-encoding method that has an input compressed moving picture stream, generated by compression-encoding of moving picture data, as an input signal, performs re-encoding at a pre-set average bit rate and at a variable bit rate, and has an output compressed moving picture stream whose bit rate has been changed as an output signal, comprising:

a step of computing a quantizer step size that is used in said re-encoding;

a step of inputting said computed quantizer step size, and the quantizer step size in said input compressed moving picture stream, and outputting a quantizer step size that is used in actual re-encoding;

a step of selecting the larger quantizer step size from said quantizer step size that is used in re-encoding, and said quantizer step size in the input compressed moving picture stream

a step of computing respective complexity measures in two or more kinds of prescribed predetermined periods or numbers of pictures, using either or both of the quantizer step size and the number of bits in either of said input compressed moving picture stream or said re-encoded compressed moving picture stream;

a step of outputting a prescribed complexity measure from a plurality of said complexity measures; and

a step of computing said quantizer step size using said pre-set average bit rate and said output complexity measure;

wherein said quantizer step size is adjusted every prescribed period according to the difference between the target number of bits and the actual number of bits, to give the quantizer step size that is used in

said re-encoding.